

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Product and Company Identification

Material name	DECON-AHOL WFI Aerosol
Revision date	11-24-2011
Version #	01
CAS #	Mixture
MSDS Number	VEL-104-AEROSOL
Product use	Decontaminant.
Manufacturer/Supplier	Veltek Associates, Inc. 15 Lee Blvd MALVERN, PA 19355 USA vai@sterile.com Contact Person: All questions regarding chemical content should be directed to CareCHEM 24
Telephone:	610-644-8335
Emergency	CARECHEM 24: 1-866-928-0789

## 2. Hazards Identification

Physical state	Liquid.
Appearance	Clear liquid.
Emergency overview	WARNING
OSHA regulatory status	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes eye irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. May cause central nervous system effects.
Potential health effects	This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).
Routes of exposure	Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin contact. Eye contact.
Eyes	Causes eye irritation.
Skin	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Defats the skin.
Inhalation	Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause central nervous system effects.
Ingestion	Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs. Be aware that symptoms of chemical pneumonia (shortness of breath) may occur several hours after exposure.
Target organs	Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Central nervous system.
Chronic effects	None known.
Signs and symptoms	Corneal damage. Conjunctivitis. Defatting of the skin. Rash. Irritation. Symptoms can include irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing. Drowsiness and dizziness.
Potential environmental effects	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS #	Percent
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	60-95
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	>1

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

## 4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures	
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move into fresh air and keep at rest. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that stomach vomit doesn't enter the lungs. Get medical attention.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm.
<b>General advice</b>	In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

<b>Flammable properties</b>	Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures.
<b>Extinguishing media</b>	
<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
<b>Protection of firefighters</b>	
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Solvent vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
<b>Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply.
<b>Specific methods</b>	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Personal precautions</b>	Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the MSDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.
<b>Methods for containment</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.
	Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material.
	Small Spills: Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
<b>Other information</b>	Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## 7. Handling and Storage

### Handling

The product is highly flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use Personal Protective Equipment recommended in section 8 of the MSDS. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Storage

Follow rules for flammable liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in cool place. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep this material away from food, drink and animal feed. Use care in handling/storage. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 400 ppm

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	STEL	984 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 400 ppm
	TWA	492 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 200 ppm

#### Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

#### Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

#### Canada. Quebec OELS. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	STEL	1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm
	TWA	983 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 400 ppm

#### Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm
	TWA	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 400 ppm

### Engineering controls

Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment. Provide easy access to water supply or an emergency shower.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye / face protection

Wear chemical goggles.

<b>Skin protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Anti-static boots. Wear protective gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Clear.
<b>Odor</b>	Mild alcohol.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>pH</b>	7
<b>Melting point</b>	14 °F (-10 °C)
<b>Freezing point</b>	Not available.
<b>Boiling point</b>	180.5 °F (82.5 °C)
<b>Flash point</b>	64.9 °F (18.3 °C)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume</b>	12
<b>Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume</b>	2.5
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	4.41 Pa
<b>Vapor density</b>	1.6 ( Air=1)
<b>Specific gravity</b>	0.84
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Miscible.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	750.2 °F (399 °C)
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	2.1 cP @ 25°C (Isopropyl alcohol)

## 10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

<b>Chemical stability</b>	Stable under normal temperature conditions. Risk of explosion. Risk of ignition.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid high temperatures.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Alkali metals. Aluminum.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons. Aldehydes.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Toxicological data

#### Components

#### Test Results

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit: 12800 mg/kg Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat: 72.6 mg/l 4 hours Acute Oral LD50 Rat: 4396 mg/kg
<b>Acute effects</b>	Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Causes eye irritation. Defats the skin. Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs. Be aware that symptoms of chemical pneumonia (shortness of breath) may occur several hours after exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. May cause central nervous system effects.
<b>Local effects</b>	Defats the skin.
<b>Sensitization</b>	Not a skin sensitizer.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	None known.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	None known.
<b>ACGIH Carcinogens</b>	
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	No data available.
<b>Neurological effects</b>	Not available.
<b>Reproductive effects</b>	Not classified.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	Not available.
<b>Symptoms and target organs</b>	Symptoms can include irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

## 12. Ecological Information

### Ecotoxicological data

#### Components

#### Test Results

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	EC50 Daphnia magna: 13299 mg/l 48 hours LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus): > 1400 mg/l 96 hours LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas): 11130 mg/l 96 hours
<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. The product is a volatile organic compound which has a photochemical ozone creation potential.
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	No data available.
<b>Bioaccumulation / Accumulation</b>	No data available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Mobility in environmental media</b>	No data available.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

#### Waste codes

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

#### Disposal instructions

Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport Information

### DOT

#### Basic shipping requirements:

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
Hazard class	2.1
Labels required	2.1
Additional information:	
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

### IATA

#### Basic shipping requirements:

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
Hazard class	2.1
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Labels required	2.1
Additional information:	
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

### IMDG

#### Basic shipping requirements:

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
Hazard class	2.1
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Labels required	2.1
Additional information:	
Packaging exceptions	306

### TDG

#### Basic shipping requirements:

Proper shipping name	Aerosols
Hazard class	2.1
UN number	UN1950
Marine pollutant	No
Additional information:	
Special provisions	N82
Basic shipping requirements:	
Labels required	2.1
Additional information:	
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

## 15. Regulatory Information

### US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.  
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification(40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

**US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: De minimis concentration**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) 1.0 %

**US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed.

**CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)**

Isopropyl alcohol: 100

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

<b>Hazard categories</b>	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

<b>Section 302 extremely hazardous substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)</b>	No
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<b>Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370)</b>	Yes
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<b>Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) (21 CFR 1308.11-15)</b>	Not controlled
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<b>Canadian regulations</b>	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.
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<b>WHMIS status</b>	Controlled
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<b>WHMIS classification</b>	B5 - Flammable/Combustible D2B - Other Toxic Effects-TOXIC
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<b>WHMIS labeling</b>	
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**Inventory status**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

<b>State regulations</b>	This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.
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**US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed.

**US - Massachusetts RTK - Substance: Listed substance**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed.

**US - New Jersey Community RTK (EHS Survey): Reportable threshold**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) 500 LBS

**US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed.

**US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Listed substance**

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0)

Listed.

**Mexico regulations**

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Official Mexican Standard (NOM-018-STPS-2000).

**16. Other Information****Further information**

HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NCPA.

**HMIS® ratings**Health: 1\*  
Flammability: 3  
Physical hazard: 0**NFPA ratings**Health: 1  
Flammability: 3  
Instability: 0**Disclaimer**

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

**Issue date**

11-24-2011